

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

ISMAEL TABLADA,

Petitioner,

Civil No. 06-638-HA

v.

ORDER

CHARLES A. DANIELS, Warden,
Federal Correctional Institution,
Sheridan, Oregon,

Respondent.

HAGGERTY, Chief Judge:

On May 3, 2006, petitioner filed a Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus [2] pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241. Petitioner alleges that the Bureau of Prisons (BOP) has refused to process his request to be placed in the Drug and Alcohol Treatment Program (DAP), thereby violating his constitutional rights.

Respondent filed a Motion to Dismiss the Petition [6], alleging that petitioner has no cognizable claim because he does not allege a violation of his constitutional or statutory rights relating to the length, nature, and condition of his confinement. For the following reasons, this Motion is denied and the Petition is granted in part.

Section 3621(b) of the United States Code directs the BOP to provide substance abuse treatment to prisoners who have a "treatable condition of substance addiction or abuse." 18 U.S.C. § 3621(b). As an incentive for prisoners to seek treatment, Congress made one-year sentence reductions available to prisoners who completed the substance abuse treatment programs. 18 U.S.C. § 3621(e)(2)(B).

Section 3621(e) provides an incentive to prisoners to complete a drug abuse program. *Cort v. Crabtree*, 113 F.3d 1081, 1085 (9th Cir. 1997). An inmate who knows, prior to enrollment, that he or she is eligible for the one-year sentence reduction is more likely to enroll and complete the program, thereby creating a more effective use of the program. *Id.* "BOP rules require an eligibility determination to be made when a prisoner requests admission into DAP, and there are no restrictions on when that request can be made." *Wade v. Daniels*, 373 F. Supp. 2d 1201, 1202 (D. Or. 2005). The BOP retains discretion as to whether to grant a reduction in an enrollee's sentence upon completion of the program, but such discretion is irrelevant to the determination of *eligibility* for the reduction upon the request of the inmate for placement into DAP. *Cort*, 113 F.3d at 1085. "A prisoner's right to *consideration* for early release is a valuable one that we have not hesitated to protect." *Id.* (citation omitted) (emphasis in original). Here, petitioner's right to consideration of his request for admission into the DAP program has been violated.

Respondent also alleges that petitioner did not request placement into DAP until May 2, 2006, after he filed his Petition. Petitioner asserts he made multiple requests for placement into DAP, including requests prior to the filing of his Petition, and that respondent failed to process those requests. For purposes of this Motion, this court shall construe petitioner's assertions as true. Accordingly, the Petition is ripe for adjudication.

CONCLUSION

This court concludes that petitioner has alleged a cognizable claim. The Motion to Dismiss [6] is denied. Furthermore, petitioner's Petition [2] is GRANTED IN PART. Respondent shall evaluate petitioner's request for placement in the DAP program and make a determination of his eligibility. The request in the Petition that respondent be directed to place petitioner in the DAP program is DENIED without prejudice.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this __29__ day of August, 2006.

____/s/Ancer L.Haggerty_____
Ancer L. Haggerty
United States District Judge